Application No. 10/632,519
Amendment dated December 15, 2005
After Final Office Action of June 15, 2005

Docket No.: 08204/0203518-US0/10.156

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method for handling packet traffic in a data network comprising the steps of:

routing outgoing network layer packet traffic associated with a network layer connection from a selected source node to a local network accelerator associated with a node which is a source of the packet traffic network, the local network accelerator running a proxy application;

receiving, at the proxy application, intercepted packet traffic;

opening two or more <u>Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)</u> transport layer <u>end-to-end</u> connections over at least one physical layer persistent connection between the local network accelerator and at least one remote network accelerator, the two or more <u>TCP</u> transport layer connections servicing the selected source node; and

transmitting processed packet traffic to [[a]] the at least one remote network accelerator associated with a destination node which is a destination of the packet traffic via the two or more transport layer connections.

- (Currently Amended) A method as in Claim 1 wherein a proxy to proxy protocol is employed to specify at least an original <u>TCP</u> transport protocol identifier, original address, and original ports of the nodes.
- (Previously presented) A method as in Claim 1 wherein the proxy application uses a dictionary based compression algorithm is to decode the data prior to transmission.
- 4. (Original) A method as in Claim 3 wherein a Huffman coding algorithm is applied to compress the data.
- 5. (Previously presented) A method as in Claim 3 wherein a dictionary associated with the network layer connection is utilized to service other network layer connections.

Application No. 10/632,519 Amendment dated December 15, 2005 After Final Office Action of June 15, 2005 Docket No.: 08204/0203518-US0/10.156

6. (Currently Amended) A data network routing device comprising:
a router, connected to receive incoming packets from a source node, the router

examining the incoming packets to determine if they are addressed to a destination node which is not local to the router, and if so, routing them to a socket interface;

a proxy application, connected to receive incoming packets from the socket interface, the proxy application associated with the router, and the proxy application, acting as a proxy for the source node, also establishing multiple <u>Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)</u> transport layer <u>end-to-end</u> connections on behalf of the source node over at least one physical layer connection, the multiple <u>TCP</u> transport layer connections capable of carrying packets to the destination node in parallel.

- 7. (Original) A device as in Claim 6 additionally wherein the proxy application additionally receives packets from a network connection addressed to a destination node which is local to the router.
- 8. (Original) A device as in Claim 7 wherein packets are compressed by the proxy application, additionally comprising:
 - a data decompressor, for decompressing packets so received; and wherein the router also forwards decompressed packets to the destination node.
- 9. (Currently Amended) A device as in Claim 6 wherein at least one <u>TCP</u> transport layer sessions are carried over a persistent connection established with another data network routing device having a proxy application running thereon.
- 10. (Previously presented) A device as in Claim 6 wherein a proxy to proxy protocol is used to pass original source node and destination node information.
- 11. (Original) A device as in Claim 6 wherein a proxy to proxy protocol specifies an original protocol type for the packets.

Application No. 10/632,519

Amendment dated December 15, 2005

After Final Office Action of June 15, 2005

Docket No.: 08204/0203518-US0/10.156

12. (Canceled)

13. (New) A method for communicating a data stream between a source node and a destination node, comprising:

establishing a plurality of Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) transport layer connections between a first proxy application in communication with the source node and a second proxy application in communication with the destination node, wherein the plurality of TCP transport layer connections are provided between the first proxy application and the second proxy application over at least one physical layer connection;

enabling the first proxy application to provide the data stream from the source node to the destination node over a first TCP transport layer connection, wherein the first proxy application forwards the data stream over the plurality of TCP transport layer connections to the second proxy application; and

enabling the second proxy application to provide the data stream received over the plurality of TCP transport layer connections to the destination node over a second TCP transport layer connection.

14. (New) The method of Claim 13, further comprising:

enabling the communication of the data stream to the destination node to appear to the source node as occurring directly over the first TCP transport layer connection; and enabling communication with the source node to appear to the destination node as

occurring directly over the second TCP transport layer connection.

15. (New) The method of Claim 13, wherein enabling the first proxy application to receive the data stream for the destination node, further comprises enabling the first proxy application to spoof an address associated with the source node for the first TCP transport layer connection.

{S:\08204\0203518-us0\80042961,DQC 環境中國時間國際的原理的問題的問題 }5

Application No. 10/632,519 Amendment dated December 15, 2005 After Final Office Action of June 15, 2005 Docket No.: 08204/0203518-US0/10.156

- 16. (New) The method of Claim 13, wherein enabling the second proxy application to provide the data stream to the destination node, further comprises enabling the second proxy application to spoof at least another address associated with the destination node for the second TCP transport layer connection.
- 17. (New) The method of Claim 13, further comprising if the destination node is remote to the source node, providing the data stream to the first proxy application over a socket interface.
- 18. (New) The method of Claim 13, wherein if is a plurality of data streams are provided over one of the plurality of TCP transport layer connections, enabling the proxy application to employ a dictionary based compression algorithm on at least a portion of at least one data stream that is communicated to the second proxy application.
- 19. (New) The method of Claim 13, further comprising communicating the data stream over a plurality of physical layer connections, wherein at least a portion of the plurality of TCP transport layer connections are provided over each of the plurality of physical layer connections.
- 20. (New) A system for enabling communication of a data stream between a source node and a destination node, comprising:
 - a first proxy application in communication with the source node;
 - a second proxy application in communication with the destination node,
- a plurality of Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) transport layer connections between the first proxy application and the second proxy application, wherein the plurality of TCP transport layer connections are provided between the first proxy application and the second proxy application over at least one physical layer connection;
- a first TCP transport layer connection that enables the first proxy application to forward the data stream from the source node to the destination node, wherein the first proxy application

Application No. 10/632,519
Amendment dated December 15, 2005
After Final Office Action of June 15, 2005

Docket No.: 08204/0203518-US0/10.156

forwards the data stream over the plurality of TCP transport layer connections to the second proxy application; and

a second TCP transport layer connection that enables the second proxy application to communicate the data stream received over the plurality of TCP transport layer connections to the destination node.

21. (New) The system of Claim 20, further comprising:

enabling the communication of the data stream to the destination node to appear to the source node as occurring directly over the first TCP transport layer connection; and enabling communication of the data stream from the source node to appear to the destination node as occurring directly over the second TCP transport layer connection.

- 22. (New) The system of Claim 20, further comprising if the destination node is remote to the source node, providing the data stream to the first proxy application over a socket interface.
- 23. (New) The system of Claim 20, if a plurality of data streams are provided over one of the plurality of TCP transport layer connections, enabling the first proxy application to employ a dictionary based compression algorithm on at least a portion of at least one data stream that is communicated to the second proxy application.
- 24. (New) The system of Claim 20, further comprising communicating the data stream over a plurality of physical layer connections, wherein at least a portion of the plurality of TCP transport layer connections are provided over each of the plurality of physical layer connections.
- 25. (New) A network device for enabling communication of a data stream between a source node and a destination node, comprising:

a memory for storing data,

Application No. 10/632,519
Amendment dated December 15, 2005
After Final Office Action of June 15, 2005

Docket No.: 08204/0203518-US0/10.156

a processor for executing the stored data, wherein the execution of the stored data enables actions, including:

enabling establishment of a plurality of Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) transport layer connections between a first proxy application in communication with the source node and a second proxy application in communication with the destination node, wherein the plurality of TCP transport layer connections are provided between the first proxy application and the second proxy application over at least one physical layer connection;

enabling the first proxy application to receive the data stream for the destination node from the source node over a first TCP transport layer connection, wherein the first proxy application forwards the data stream over the plurality of TCP transport layer connections to the second proxy application; and

enabling the second proxy application to provide the data stream received over the plurality of TCP transport layer connections to the destination node over a second TCP transport layer connection.

- 26. (New) The network device of Claim 25, further comprising:
 enabling the communication of the data stream to the destination node to appear to the
 source node as occurring directly over the first TCP transport layer connection; and
 enabling communication of the data stream from the source node to appear to the
 destination node as occurring directly over the second TCP transport layer connection.
- 27. (New) The network device of Claim 25, further comprising if the destination node is remote to the source node, providing the data stream to the first proxy application over a socket interface.
- 28. (New) The network device of Claim 25, if a plurality of data streams are provided over one of the plurality of TCP transport layer connections, enabling the first proxy application to employ a dictionary based compression algorithm on at least a portion of at least one data stream that is communicated to the other proxy application.

{\$:\08204\0203518-us0\80042961.DOC 環境回航時間間間間間間間間間間間間 }8

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

Application No. 10/632,519
Amendment dated December 15, 2005
After Final Office Action of June 15, 2005

Docket No.: 08204/0203518-US0/10.156

29. (New) The network device of Claim 25, further comprising communicating the data stream over a plurality of physical layer connections, wherein at least a portion of the plurality of TCP transport layer connections are provided over each of the plurality of physical layer connections.